Name (print): ________________________________

**Instructions:**

- Keep your eyes on your own paper and do your best to prevent anyone else from seeing your work.
- Do NOT communicate with anyone other than the professor/proctor for ANY reason in ANY language in ANY manner.
- This exam is closed notes, closed books, and no calculator.
- Turn all mobile devices off and put them away now. You cannot have them on your desk.
- Write neatly and clearly indicate your answers. What I cannot read, I will assume to be incorrect.
- Stop writing when told to do so at the end of the exam. I will take 5 points off your exam if I have to tell you multiple times.
- Academic misconduct will not be tolerated. Suspected academic misconduct will be immediately referred to the Emory Honor Council. Penalties for misconduct will be a zero on this exam, an F grade in the course, and/or other disciplinary action that may be applied by the Emory Honor Council.

**Time:** This exam has 7 questions on 9 pages including the title page. Please check to make sure all pages are included. You will have 50 minutes to complete this exam.

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*I commit to uphold the ideals of honor and integrity by refusing to betray the trust bestowed upon me as a member of the Emory community. I have also read and understand the requirements and policies outlined above.*

Signature: ________________________________

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Question</th>
<th>1</th>
<th>2</th>
<th>3</th>
<th>4</th>
<th>5</th>
<th>6</th>
<th>7</th>
<th>Total</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Points</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>6</td>
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<td>4</td>
<td>50</td>
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<td>Score</td>
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1. (5 points) Define each of the 5 terms below. You do not need to give a formal definition, just a good description. You may include an example if it is helpful to your answer. Be brief – give a maximum of two sentences.

(a) variable

(b) compiler

(c) operator

(d) operator associativity

(e) syntax error

(f) logic (or logical) error
2. (9 points) Evaluate each expression. Then give the result of the evaluation and the data type of the result. If the expression cannot be evaluated or is not proper Java syntax, you may simply write “error” for the value, and write the type of error (syntax, runtime, or logic). The first row has been done for you.

```java
String s1 = "Mardi", s2 = "Gras", s3 = "2015";
char c1 = ‘1’, c2 = ‘A’;
int i1 = 3, i2 = 8;
double d1 = 1.0, d2 = 3.5, d3 = 0.5;
```

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Expression</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Type</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>4+1</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>int</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>s2.charAt(i1+1)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>s1.charAt(i2-i1)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>i1 / i2</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>d1 ** 10 &gt;= i1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>s3 + i1 * (int)d2</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>d2 + i2 + s3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(char)(c2 + 4)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>d2 &lt; i1+i2</td>
<td></td>
<td>d2 == i1+d3*3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>s2 + c1 + c2</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>!(d1 + i1 + d3 &gt;= d2)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>i2 &gt; i1 &amp; &amp; !(d2 &gt; d1)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>s1 + &quot;\&quot; + s3 + &quot;\&quot;</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Notes:

- The parenthesis operator has the highest precedence of all operators.
- The logical not operator and the casting operator have higher precedence than arithmetic operators, relational/comparison operators, and the other logical operators.
- Arithmetic operators have higher precedence than relational/comparison or logical operators.
- Relational/comparison operators have higher precedence than logical operators.
- Assignment operators have the lowest precedence of all operators.
3. (8 points) Assume the statements below are part of a Java program which compiles and runs. What is the output if the user enters 10 and 30 in that order?

```java
Scanner in = new Scanner(System.in);
int a = in.nextInt();
int b = in.nextInt();

if(a <= 40 && b >= 40) {
    System.out.println("blue");
} else if (a >= 40 || b >= 40) {
    System.out.println("green");
} else if (a <= 40 || b >= 40) {
    System.out.println("red");
} else {
    System.out.println("yellow");
}

if (!(a <= 30) && b >= 20) {
    System.out.println("pineapple");
} else {
    System.out.println("pear");
} if (a >= 30 && b >= 20) {
    System.out.println("banana");
} else {
    System.out.println("cranberry");
}

switch(a * b/2) {
    case 200:
        System.out.println("head");
    case 150:
        System.out.println("shoulders");
    case 100:
        System.out.println("knees");
        break;
    default:
        System.out.println("toes");
}

if ((a-b) == 20 || (b-a) == 20) {
    System.out.println("dog");
} else if ((b-a) >= a ) {
    System.out.println("cat");
} else if (a == 10 && b != 10) {
    System.out.println("fish");
} else {
    System.out.println("iguana");
}
```
4. For each of the code fragments below, give the output. If the code results in an infinite loop, write the first few outputs, and then indicate that it is an infinite loop.

(a) (2 points)
   for(int i = 3; i <= 10; i++) {
      System.out.println(i);
      i += 2;
   }

(b) (2 points)
   int i = 0;
   while (i < 10) {
      System.out.println(i);
      if (i == 6) {
         continue;
      } else {
         i = i+2;
      }
      i++;
   }

(c) (2 points)
   int x = 10;
   while(x >= 0) {
      System.out.println("x: " + x);
      if (x % 4 == 0) {
         x += 3;
         break;
      } else {
         x--;
         continue;
      }
   }
   System.out.println("Final value: " + x);
(d) (3 points)
    int a = 1;
    int b = 2;
    while (a < 10) {
        switch(a){
            case 1:
            case 2:
                System.out.println(a);
                a++;
                break;
            case 4:
                System.out.println(a%b == 0);
                a += b;
            case 5:
                System.out.println(a-b);
                break;
        }
        if (a % 7 == 0) {
            System.out.println(a);
            break;
        }
        a++;
    }
5. (6 points) Find the errors in the following program “Midterm1.java”

you can rewrite the statement, insert a statement, or delete a statement. Use the line number on the 
left to indicate the location of the code you want to change. To insert a statement, you need to provide 
two adjacent line numbers between which you wish to insert your statement.

Description of the program: read a sequence of positive integers in from the terminal. When the user 
types 0, the program will print out the largest number entered and exit.

```
1. public class exam {
2.     public static void main(String[] args) {
3.         Scanner in = new Scanner(System.in);
4.         System.out.println("Enter a sequence of positive integers ending with a zero");
5.         number = in.nextInt();
6.         largest = number;
7.         while(number >= 0) {
8.             if (largest < number);
9.                 number = largest;
10.            }
11.         System.out.println("The largest number entered was: " + largest);
12.     }
13. }
```
6. (9 points) Complete the program below. The program should read in an integer entered by the user. If the integer is negative, the program should print out the odd digits in the integer separated by a space. (If there are no odd digits, the program should print "none"). If the integer is non-negative, the program should print out the even digits in the integer separated by a space. (If there are no even digits, the program should print "none"). Examples are below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Input</th>
<th>Output</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>170002</td>
<td>0002</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-170002</td>
<td>17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2014</td>
<td>204</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-40</td>
<td>none</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
7. (4 points) Determine the purpose of the following program. State the output if a user enters the strings “Mississippi” and ’is”, in that order. State the output if a user enters the strings “mathematics” and ’mat”, in that order.

```java
import java.util.Scanner;
public class matchtest {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner in = new Scanner(System.in);
        String string1, string2;
        int position;
        boolean myboolean = false;

        System.out.print("Enter a string: ");
        string1 = in.nextLine();
        System.out.print("Enter another string: ");
        string2 = in.next();

        if (string1.length() >= string2.length()){
            for (position = 0; position <= string1.length()-string2.length(); position++)
            {
                myboolean = true;
                for (int j = 0; j < string2.length(); j++){
                    if (string1.charAt(position+j) != string2.charAt(j) ) {
                        myboolean = false;
                        break;
                    }
                }
                if (myboolean)
                    System.out.println("position: " + position);
            }
        }
    }
}
```